

Protecting Working Children + Women

- 1904 National Child Labor Committee Pushed for Keating-Owen Act (1916) Prohibited goods produced by children from going across State Lines.
- Supreme Court declared Act unconstitutional because States had right to regulate labor
- Muller v. Oregon = 10 hr Workday for Women in Oregon
- Bunting v. Oregon 10 hr. Workday for Men in Oregon

STATE Govt Reforms

- Robert La Follette GOP governor of Wisconsin ("Fighting Bob") regulated Big Business especially Railroads
- Others Included Charles Aycock (NC) + James S. Hogg (Tex)

Local Govt Reforms

- Natural Disasters brought local Reform
- Hurricane + Tidal Wave in Galveston Tex. brought 5 Member Commission govt
- Flood in Dayton Ohio brought Council-Manager Govt
- Reform Mayors = Hazen Pingree of Detroit + Tom Johnson of Ohio (Cleveland)

ORIGINS OF ProgressivismElection Reform

- 17th Amendment = Direct election of Senators

- Recall = enabled voters to remove public officials by facing another election

- Referendum = Vote on Initiative

- Initiative = Bill originated by the people to create laws put on Election Ballots

① PROTECT Social Welfare

- Social Gospel + Settlement houses

- YMCA + Salvation Army are all Examples of reform organizations

- Florence Kelley helped win passage of Illinois Factory Act (1893) Ends Child labor and limited Women's working hours

- Soon became a Model used by other states

② PROMOTE Moral Improvement

- Focus on Poor Immigrants + Prohibition

- 1874 Woman's Christian Temperance Union

- Francis Willard = Founder from Midwest

- Focus on Saloons + Woman's Suffrage

- Expands Public Role of women

- 1895 Anti-Saloon League began

- Endorsed Politicians who opposed Alcohol + Supported their cause

- Prohibition spreads to South + West First

③ FOSTERING Efficiency

- Lawyer Louis D. Brandeis

- Fostered Efficiency in the Workplace with Scientific Principles

- Frederick Winslow Taylor = "Taylorism" or

- Scientific Management Studies on tasks by workers

- Henry Ford Prevented Strikes by Reducing Hrs + Inc Pay.

④ Economic Reform

- Eugene V. Debs Founded American Socialist Party (1901)

- Govt + Business Worked Unfairly against Workers

- Most Progressives Distant Themselves From Socialism

- MUCKRAKERS or Journalist who Expose Corruption

- Ida Tarbell exposed Standard Oil's Elimination of Competition

The 3 Strategies① Convince State

Legislatures to grant Women Right to Vote

- Utah, Wyoming, Idaho + Colorado grant it.

② Use Court Cases to test 14th Amend. + whether Women were Citizens?

- Supreme Court 1875 ruled women were Citizens but it does not automatically give women the right to vote

1919 19th Amend Passed

- Women lobbied for Amend for Next 41 Years

③ Push for Amendment

**WOMEN
IN
Public Life**

Women IN Workforce

• Before Civil War Middle Class women Expected to Stay Home

- Farm Women: After Civil War Role of Women on the farm did not change
- Did Both House + Farm Chores

• Women in Industry: After Civil War Improved wages drew women to jobs in Cities with 25% of women working in Manufacturing.

- Garment Industry claimed 50% of women
- least skilled jobs + got $\frac{1}{2}$ wages compared to men because assumed they were single
- Women high school grads outnumber men

DOMESTIC WORKERS

- w/out Industrial Skills + Formal Education
- 2 million Ex-Slave Women Participated
- Migrated to big Cities

Women in Higher Education

- New Women's Colleges form in late 19th Century Such as Vassar, Smith + Wellesley College
- Women's Colleges gave women alternatives
- $\frac{1}{2}$ of college educated women never marry + remain strongly independent
- Unmarried Immigrant women did domestic work

Women + Reform1896 National Association of Colored Women

Founded by Josephine Ruffin

1869 National Women Suffrage Association

Founded by Susan B. Anthony + Elizabeth

Cady Stanton

1890 United into National American Suffrage Association

- Men Feared Changing Role of Women in Society

Women lead Reform

- 1911 NYC Triangle Shirtwaist Factory Fire
- led to Reforms + Building Codes

CHAPTER Seventeen

TR + Civil Rights

- Failed to Support Civil Rights for African Americans
- Supported a few Individual African American Appointments
- 1906 Dismissed w/out question entire African American Regiment Accused of protecting those Charged w/murder, Brownsville Tex.
- Invites Booker T. Washington to White House INSTEAD of WEB DuBois
- DuBois Critical of TR.

- Most of Focus during Progressive Movement was for Middle Class Whites
- Goal = Full Equality among the Races
- 1914 Over 6000 Members
- 1909 Formed by DuBois + other White + Black Reformers in NYC
- National Association for Advancement of Colored People

Rough Riding President

1900: TR encouraged to run for V.P. under McKinley by Party to End his Governorship

- TR born to wealthy family
- Asthma Sufferer who Vowed to be physical + outside
- Served 3 term in NY Assembly
- Became NYC Police Commissioner
- Appt. Asst. Secretary of US Navy
- Volunteered for Spanish American War
- Returns a hero + Elected Gov. of N.Y.

- McKinley's Assassination Made him Youngest president ever @ 42 yrs. old
- While in Office Continues Active Outdoorsmen
- used "Bully Pulpit" or used Speeches to influence Media and Shape legislation

USED FEDERAL POWER

- He Published 44 books advocating pro govt.
- HE USED TRUSTBUSTING AS President
- TRUSTS: or legal bodies created to hold stock in many companies - made up 4/5
- 1890 Sherman Anti-Trust Act unaffected
- He uses the Act to go after Bad TRUSTS
- Filed 44 Anti-TRUST suits but Few were successful to Stop TRUSTS
- 1902 Pa. Coal Strike = TR Intervenes + Settle Strike + sets New Principle of Fed govt getting involved to protect

RAIL ROAD Regulation

- 1887 Interstate Commerce Act
- Prohibits Railroad Price fixing + Monopoly
- Interstate Commerce Commission = Enforcer
- Commission had little Power so Congress passed ELKINS ACT to outlaw Rebates
- 1906 Hepburn Act limited Free Railroad Passes, a common form of Bribery

Gifford Pinchot

- 1887 US Forest Bureau Established
- TR Condemns shortsighted exploitation of Forests, Great Plains, lumber + coal
- Pinchot 1905 Named Head of US Forest Service
- Professional Conservationists + skillful administrator who kept large tracts of federal land exempt from private sale
- National Reclamation Act
- Newlands Act = Manage water resources in West.

Conservation + Natural Resources

- TR made Conservation a primary concern
- Influenced by Naturalist + writer John Muir who camped with TR in California's Yosemite National Park in 1903
- Muir persuaded TR to set aside 148 million acres of Forest Reserves

TR'S SQUARE DEAL

Health and Environment

TR Acts after Reading Upton Sinclair's "The Jungle" to Regulate

- 1906 Meat Inspection Act = Federal Meat Inspection until Replaced by New Tech in 1990's
- Pure Food + Drug Act 1906: Halted Contaminated Foods + Medicines + Required TRUTH in Labeling

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CHAPTER Seventeen

SEC. 4

Progressive Party or "Bull Moose"

- GOP progressives form New 3rd Party + nominated TR for President who said he was "as strong as Bull Moose"
- Party Platform:
 - ① Direct Election of US Senators
 - ② Adoption of Initiative, Recall + Referendum for all States
 - ③ Women's Suffrage
 - ④ Workmen's Compensation
 - ⑤ 8 hr Workday
 - ⑥ Minimum Wage for Women
 - ⑦ Fed Law against Child labor
 - ⑧ Fed Trade Commission to regulate business

Bull Moose Party

- After returning from African Hunt in 1910 TR claims "New Nationalism" or Fed govt. exerting its power for the "Welfare of the people"
- 1912 TR decides to run for 3rd term as President
- Taft wins nomination @ Republican Convention over T.R.

Disputing Public Lands

- Taft angers conservationists by appointing Richard A. Ballinger Sec of Interior
- Ballinger removed 1 million acres of forest + mining land from reserved list
- Gifford Pinchot became critical of Ballinger
- Taft supported Ballinger's firing from US Forest Service

TAFT Becomes President

- 75% of Votes went to Reform Candidates
- Wilson got 42% pop. vote + 435 electoral votes
- 4 Candidates Split Voters: Wilson, Taft, William Jennings Bryan TR + Debs with Taft finishing 3rd
- Called for "New Freedom" reforms: reduce Tariffs, Bank Reform, Antitrust / BUSTED 90 TRUSTS IN 4 YRS.
- Dem Woodrow Wilson, former gov of New Jersey wins
- HESITATED to use "Bully Pulpit"
- Taft Supported Tariffs + opposed Conservation measures.

1912 Election

Progressivism UNDER TAFT

1910 Midterm Elections

- GOP party was split
- Voters concerned about rising cost of living + Payne-Aldrich Tariff
- Democrats gain control of House of Representatives FIRST TIME IN 18 yrs.

PAYNE-ALDRICH TARIFF

- House passed Payne Bill which lowered rates on imported manufactured goods
- Senate passed alternative Bill, Aldrich Bill which made fewer cuts + increased rates
- Progressive wing of GOP party cried Betrayal when Taft signed Payne-Aldrich Tariff that was compromise moderating high rates of Aldrich Bill
- Many Progressives felt abandoned by Taft

GOP Splits

- Dispute among Progressives + Conservatives
- Joe Cannon, political boss + House Speaker
- As Chairman of House Rules Committee he decided what bills Congress considers
- Cannon, a Republican often weakened or ignored progressive bills
- Reform minded Republicans strip him of his power

NAACP Response

- Felt Betrayed by Wilson
- William Monroe Trotter
Editor of "Guardian"
Lead delegation to Whitehouse
and Confronted Wilson
- Wilson ordered delegation out
and Continued to do nothing
For African Americans.

Wilson's Financial Reforms

- NAWSA President,
Carrie Chapman Catt
hopeful Wilson Could
Influence Women's Suffrage
- Wilson was Presbyterian
Southerner, President of
Princeton UNIV. + Gov of NJ
- Reforms through Attacking
Tariffs, TRUSTS, high Finances
- Enacted 2 Key Anti-TRUST Measures
 - ① Clayton Anti TRUST Act 1914: it Strengthens Sherman Anti TRUST ACT + gave Rights to Unions to Strike, Boycott, limited injunctions + Collective Bargain.
 - ② Fed Trade Commission Act 1914: it Created "WATCH dog" Fed Trade Commission FTC to Investigate Corps violations.

LegacyWilson's NEW
FREEDOMWomen Win SuffrageLimits of Progressivism

- Wilson Slow with Social Reforms
- He appeased Conservative South Dems.
- He placed Segregationist in Charge of Fed. Agencies Expanding Segregation
- He opposed Fed Anti lynching Laws
arguing FOR state jurisdiction
- He viewed Segregated facilities as being just.

New Tax SYSTEM

- Wilson Worked to lower Tariff Rates
- 1913 Underwood ACT = Reduce Tariff Rates For 1st TIME Since Civil War
- Wilson Fought off Lobbyists from Big Business Using Bully Pulpit.
- Fed Income Tax: 1913 16th Amend
Income tax provides lost revenue from lower Tariffs
- Graduated Tax Rate or higher incomes taxed higher
- Now Main Source of Revenue

1919: 19th Amendment

- Lucy Burns + Alice Paul Founded National Women's Party Picket White House, Jailed, Hunger Strike
- After WWI participation by Women Women get the Vote

- Increased Activism of local groups, Bold New Strategies, + leadership of Catt and growing # of college Educated women.
- Carrie Chapman Catt NAWSA use 5 strategies:
 ① Organize
 ② Close ties between local, state, national workers
 ③ Create Wide base of Support
 ④ Lobby
 ⑤ Be lady-like

Federal Reserve System

- Focused on Credit Availability + Money Circulation
- 1913 Fed Reserve Act established decentralized Private Banking System under Fed Control
 - Divided Nation into 12 DISTRICTS + Established a Regional Central Bank IN Each DISTRICT
 - Central Bank Served Banks IN Their DISTRICT
 - Transfer Funds to member Banks IN TROUBLE +
 - Issue New Paper Currency